PRESERVED WOOD FOUNDATIONS

SETUP

- SITE SELECTION
- AVOID LOW LYING AREAS
- GOOD DRAINING SOILS PREFERRED
- MINIMAL AMOUNT OF EXCAVATION

GETTING STARTED

REMOVE TOP SOIL / VEGETATION TO UNDISTURBED SOIL



FOOTINGS

- INSTALL GRANULAR DRAINAGE LAYER
- SET FORMS FOR CONCRETE
 FOOTINGS ON DRAINAGE LAYER OR
 UNDISTURBED SOIL WITH DRAINAGE
 PIPING









FOOTINGS

 PLACE CONCRETE FOOTINGS OR WOOD FOOTING PLATE ON DRAINAGE LAYER



SUMP PIT

• SUMP PIT TO BE PROVIDED





FOUNDATION WALLS

- CONSTRUCT FOUNDATION WALL FOR BASEMENT OR CRAWL SPACE
- TREAT CUT ENDS OF STUD WITH PRESERVATIVE & PLACE AT TOP OF WALL
- FRAME IN WINDOW OPENING WITH REQUIRED FRAMING AND ANCHORS



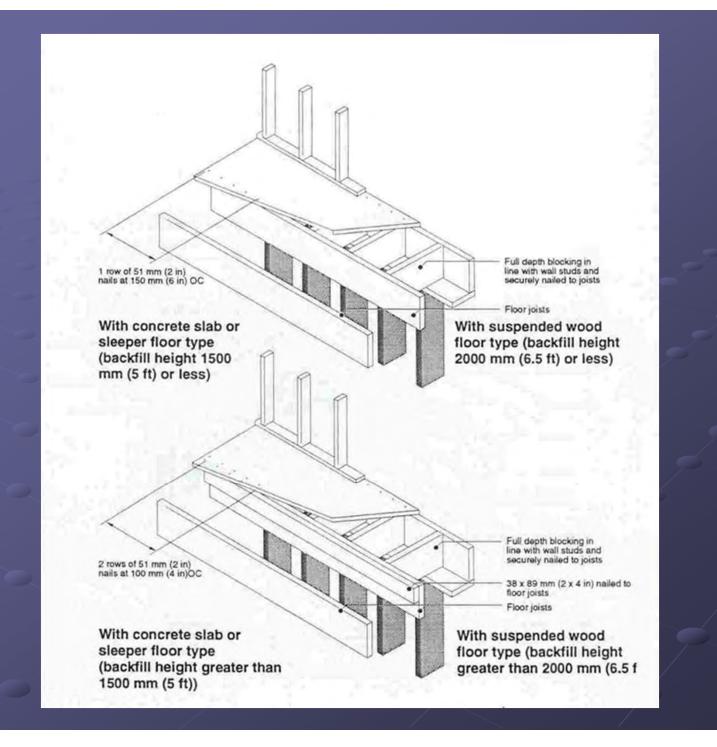
FOUNDATION WALLS

- PLYWOOD SHEATHING ON OUTSIDE FACE OF WOOD STUD WALL
- CAULK BETWEEN PANELS
- ALTERNATIVE INSTALL
 MANUFACTURED WALL PANEL THAT
 HAS BEEN APPROVED FOR BELOW
 GRADE INSTALLATION

LATERAL TIES

- INSTALL FLOOR FRAMING (NAILING JOISTS TO TOP OF WALL)
- WALLS PARALELL TO JOIST REQUIRE BLOCKING







LATERAL TIES

• RESTRAINT AT BOTTOM OF WALL - SLAB OR CONTINOUS BLOCKING, OR BRACES.









DAMPPROOFING

- INSTALL MOISTURE BARRIER INTO CAULKING
- LATEX EMULSION IS OPTIONAL
- INSTALL COVER PLATE BOARD AND CORNER PROTECTORS











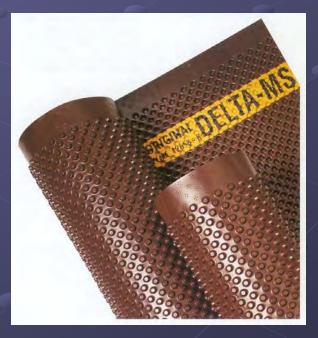






BACKFILL

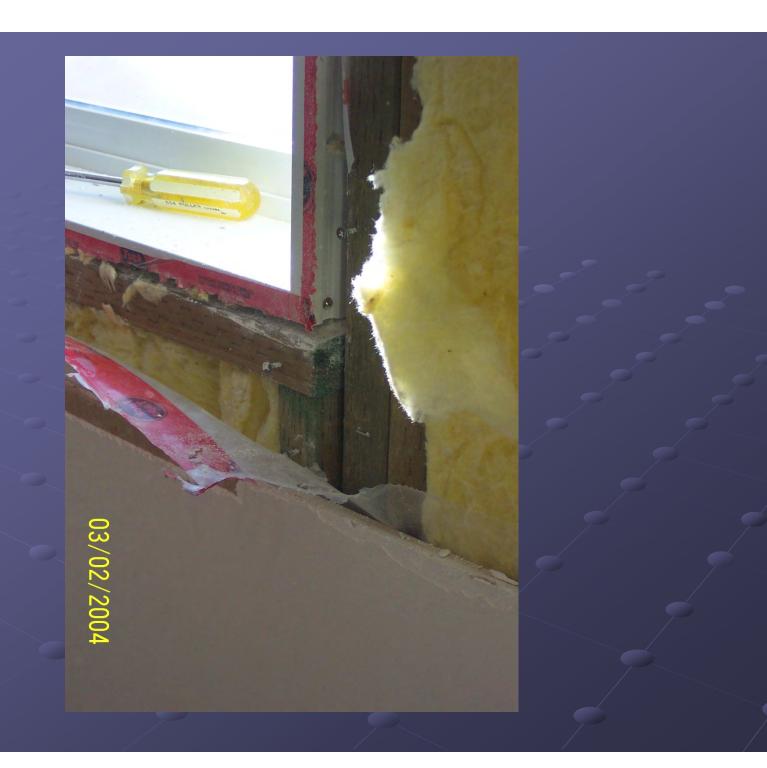
- BACKFILL WITH COURSE SAND/GRAVEL, GOOD DRAINING SOIL
- MANUFACTURED DRAINAGE LAYER IS OPTIONAL

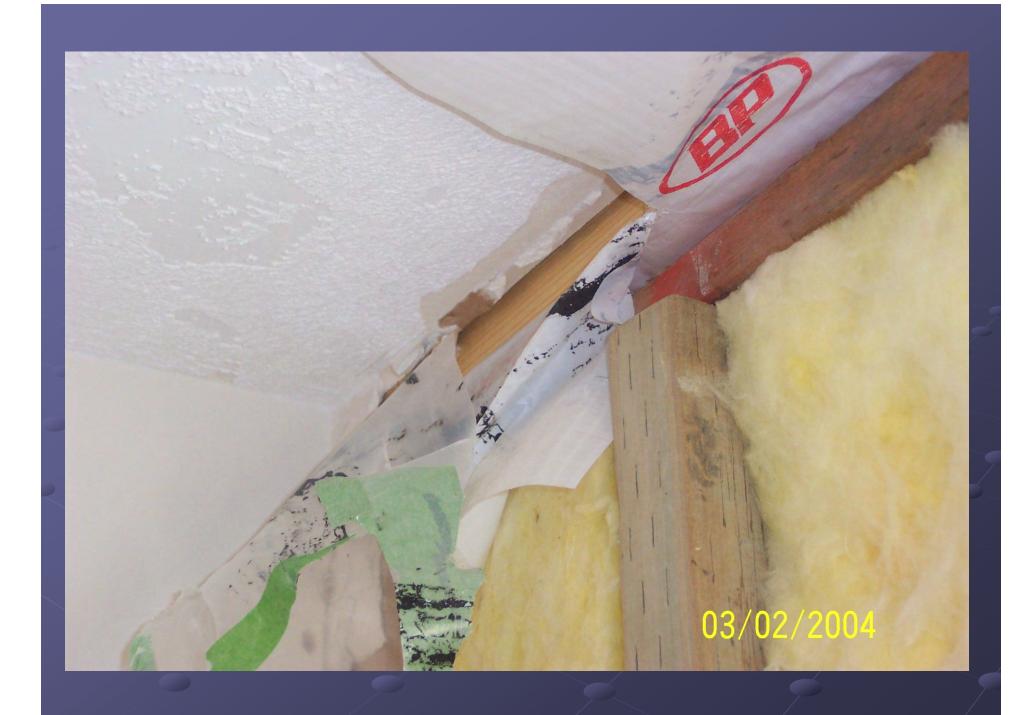




EXAMPLES OF FAILURE

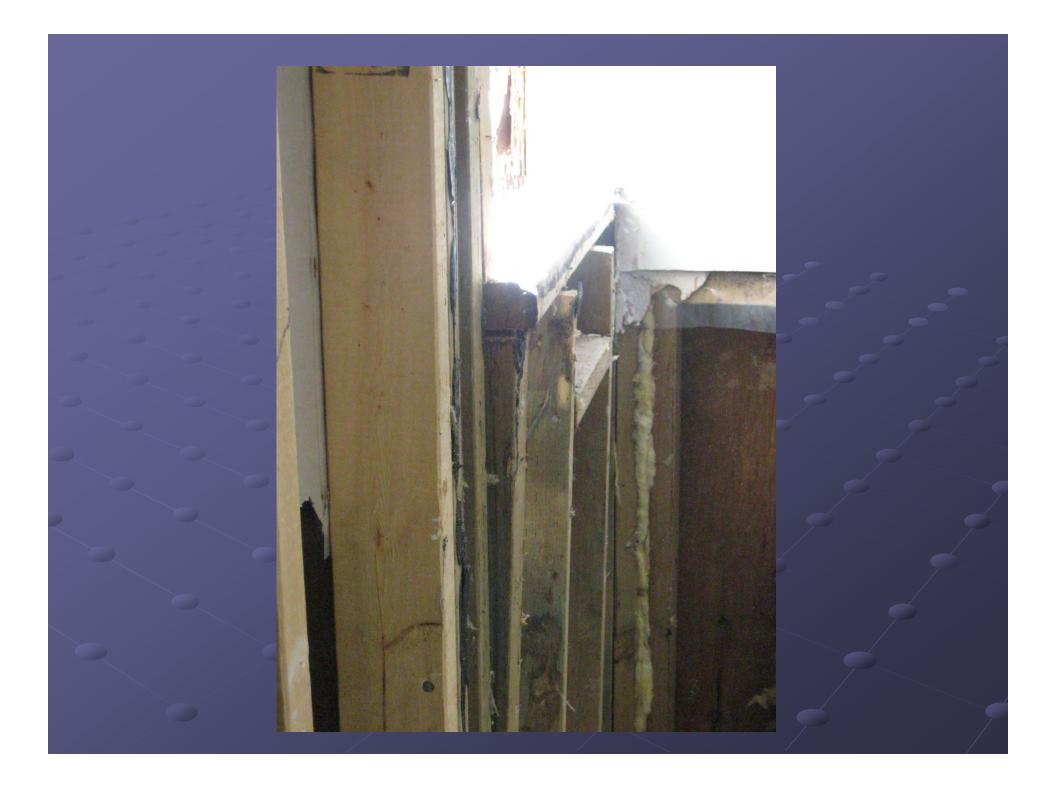
• WHEN POOR FRAMING TECHNIQUES
ARE USED OR THE STANDARDS ARE
NOT FOLLOWED THE FOLLOWING
COULD HAPPEN











GRADE

• GRADE AWAY FROM BUILDING WITH SLOPE 1 IN 12

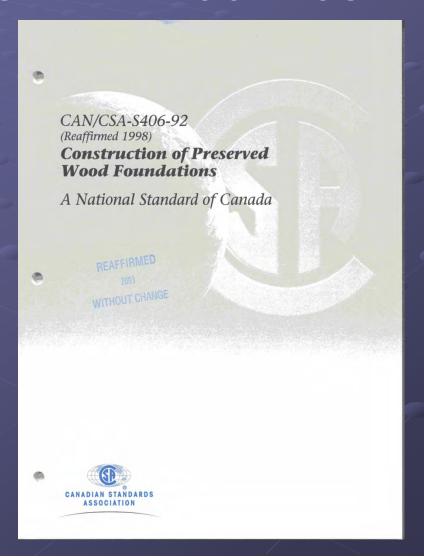


INTERIOR

- INSULATE CAVITY WITH BATT OR RIGID INSULATION
- BATT INSULATION UP 2" FROM CRAWL SPACE FLOOR
- VAPOUR BARRIER



CSA STANDARD CAN/CSA-S406-92 CONSTRUCTION OF PRESERVED WOOD FOUNDATIONS



CANADIAN WOOD COUNCIL PERMANENT WOOD FOUNDATIONS

