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CMHC's EQuilibrium Initiative

EQuilibrium is a national residential designbuild- demonstration initiative to challenge builders and developers across Canada to act as environmental stewards by:

 Designing low-impact affordable, healthy, highly energy and resource efficient housing





EQuilibriumTM Housing Principles

Core Principles

- Health
- Energy
- Resources
- Environment
- Affordability





CMHC's EQuilibrium™ Sustainable Housing Demonstration Initiative – Vision

- Uses readily available technologies
- Aims to reduce the homeowner's need for energy
- Can be applied to a variety of housing models
- Build interest and capacity



Solar hot water collectors





Photovoltaic roofing tiles



Features of an EQuilibrium™ House

- Connected to the utility grid
- Can access additional energy
- Can sell energy production surplus



Inspiration—the Minto ecohome Ottawa, ON



Benefits

Homeowner benefits:

- Lower utility bills
- Healthier space
- Reliable power
- Greener choice for the environment
- A better future



Avalon Discovery 3 Red Deer, AB



Benefits

Builder benefits:

- Establish a reputation
- Meet the needs of Canadians





Benefits

Community benefits:



- Reduction of costs
- Healthy & liveable communities
- Land, water and habitat conservation
- Protection of existing ecosystems





CMHC EQuilibrium[™] Demonstration Projects















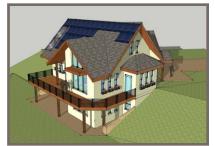


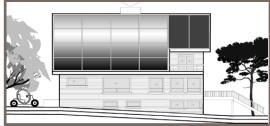










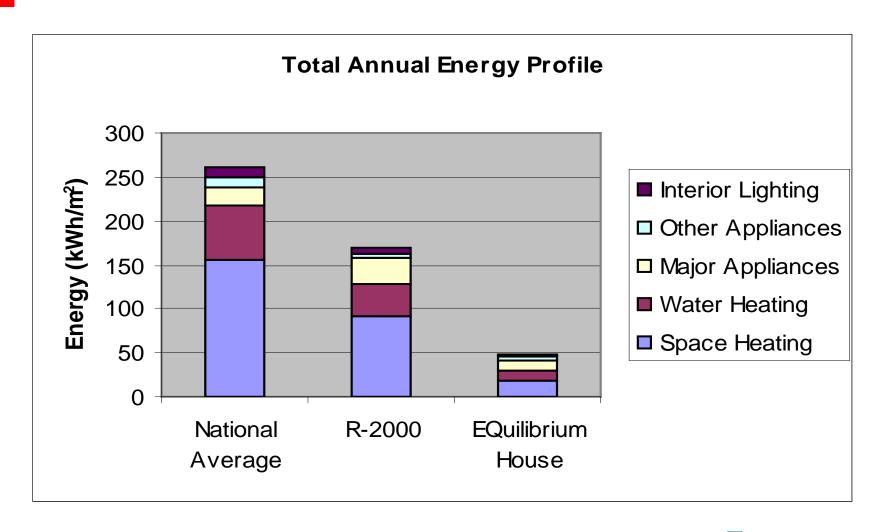






CANADA MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION

Targeted Performance Proposed by the Teams





Targeted Performance Proposed by the Teams

Estimated Average for the 15 Homes

- Building envelope EnerGuide* rating 86
- Total energy modified EnerGuide* rating 99
- Ceiling insulation level R65/ RSI 11
- Wall insulation level R52/ RSI 9
- Target air tightness 0.75 air changes/h@50Pa
- Floor area 172m² (1850pi²)

^{*}EnerGuide is an energy rating system for houses developed for Natural Resources Canada where a score of 100 = net zero energy house

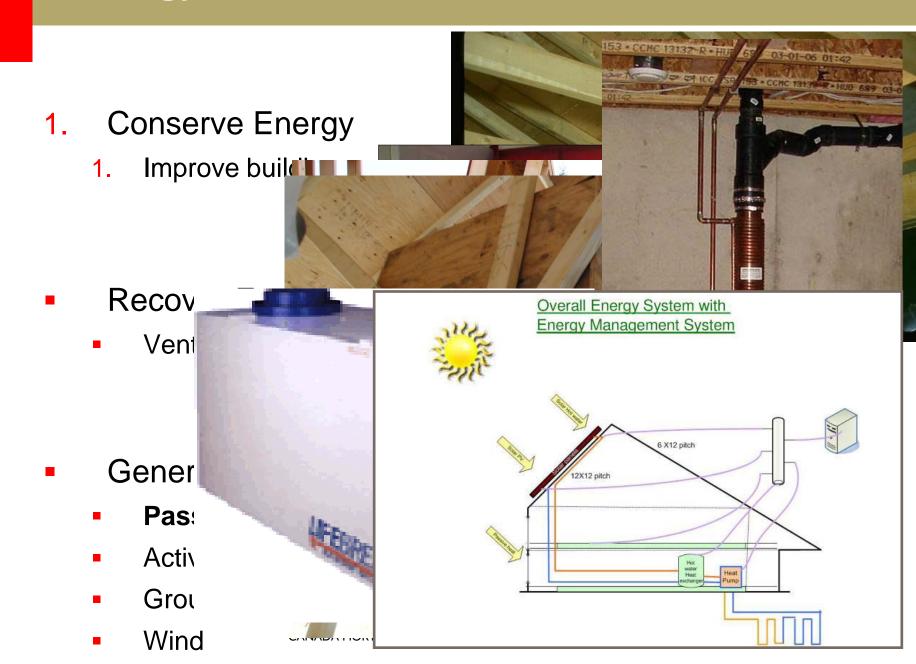


What is Net-Zero Energy Housing?

- A home that generates an equal amount of energy as it consumes on an annual basics.
 - Computer modeled
 - Hot2000
 - Retscreen
 - New software coming.



Strategy for Net Zero











Messages from the builders...

- It can get expensive
 - Net Zero Energy Ready
- Conservation is key
 - Building envelope must be good.
- Passive solar is free
- Keep it simple





The ÉcoTerraTM design team calculated the annual gross space heating load to be 77 GJ (21,400 kWh) using HOT2000.

Usable passive solar gains are expected to meet 44% of the heating load, and internal gains 17.4%.

The space heating system is therefore expected to only have to deliver 29.6 GJ/yr (8,200 kWh/yr), a reduction of 13,200 kWh.

Lessons from Riverdale

"Green" Features	Impact on Energy Bill	Cost
Better insulation, windows, heating systems, appliances, passive solar design	85%	\$18K
Solar panels for hot water and indoor heat	95%	+ \$36K
Solar panels for electricity	100%	+ \$54K

Source: slide 24,

\$106K

TOTAL

Lessons from Riverdale

\$106,000 in costs to reduce home energy bills by 100% (out of reach for most homeowners)

BUT

only \$18,000 in costs to reduce home energy bills by 85% (the final 15% is what costs so much)

e_2009_04_27.pdfy HOUSING



What have we found?

- EQ houses are performing well, not perfectly, but well
- Householders use more electricity than predicted by developers and energy modellers
- PV output meets predictions in summer but is less than predicted in winter







What have we found?

- Snow exists
- Complicated systems can lead to oversights
- Simple monitoring does not allow for complex analysis





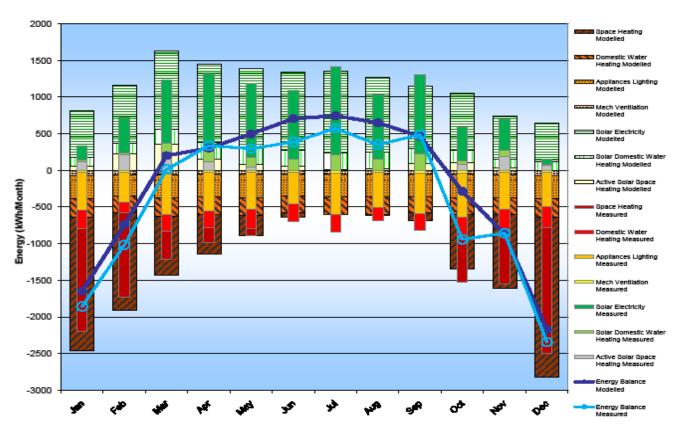
Are we there yet?

- We have a full year of monitoring on one house, and almost complete data on two more
- Have we reached the elusive net-zero goal?



Avalon Discovery 3

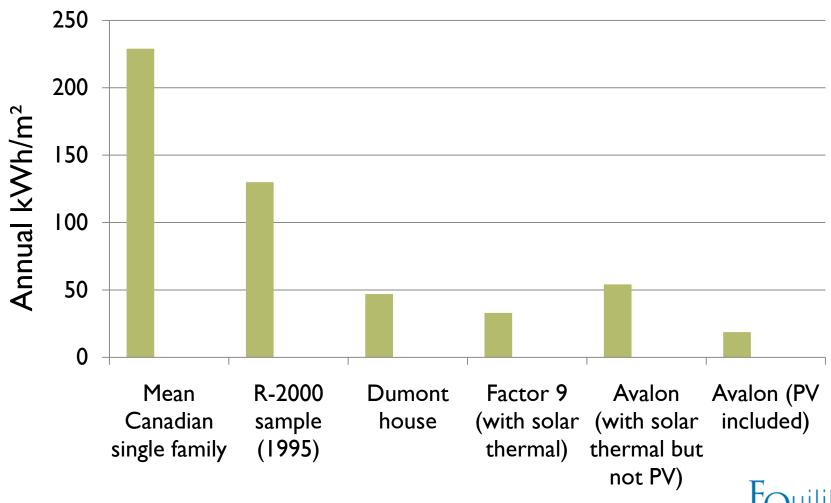
Avalon Discovery III





Energy usage by different Canadian houses

Note: Avalon and Factor 9 are net energy usage (energy used – energy generated)

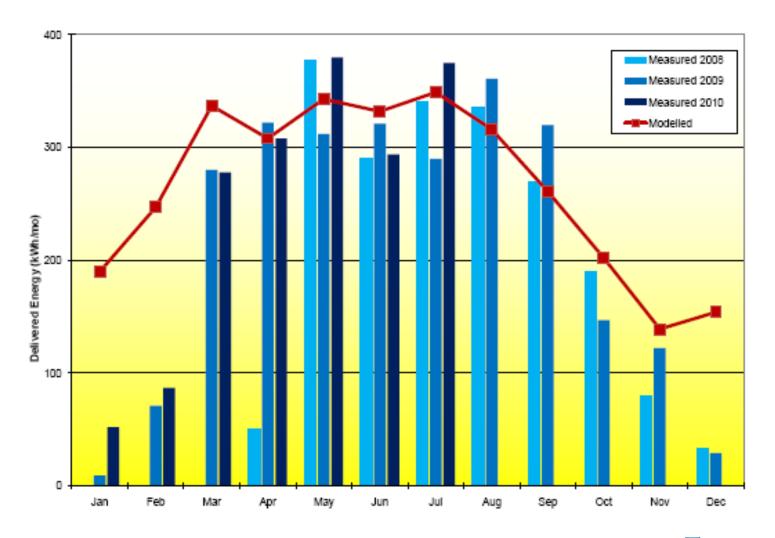


PV output: predicted vs measured

- Predictions generally made using RETScreen
- Many assumptions in that process
- Measured PV output is generally close in summer but lower in the darker six months
- Shading, snow effects are contributing factors



ÉcoTerra





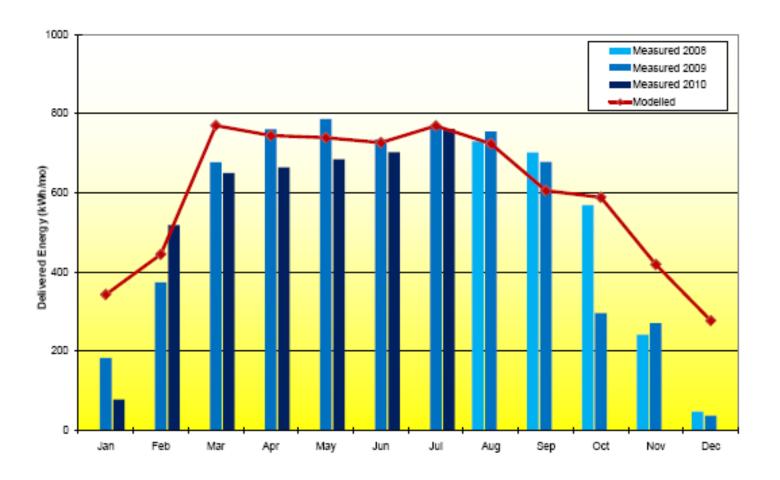
Avalon Discovery 3 (July 2009 – June 2010)







Riverdale West









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Sustainability > EQuilibrium™ Housing > Now House™

Housing Market Information

Now House®

Affordable Housing Centre

The Now House® home generates energy from a solar photovoltaic (PV) system on its roof.

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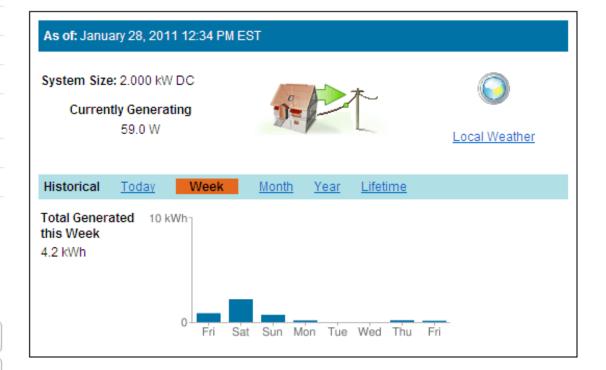
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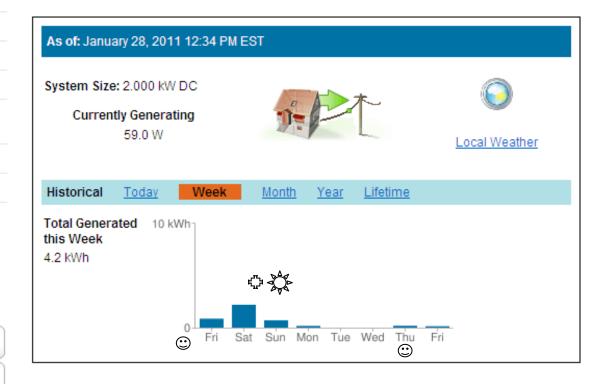
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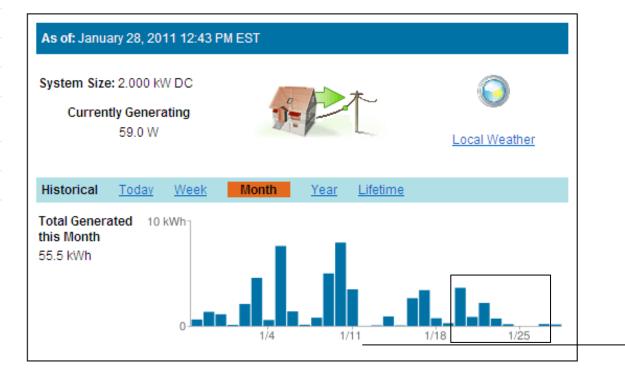
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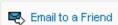
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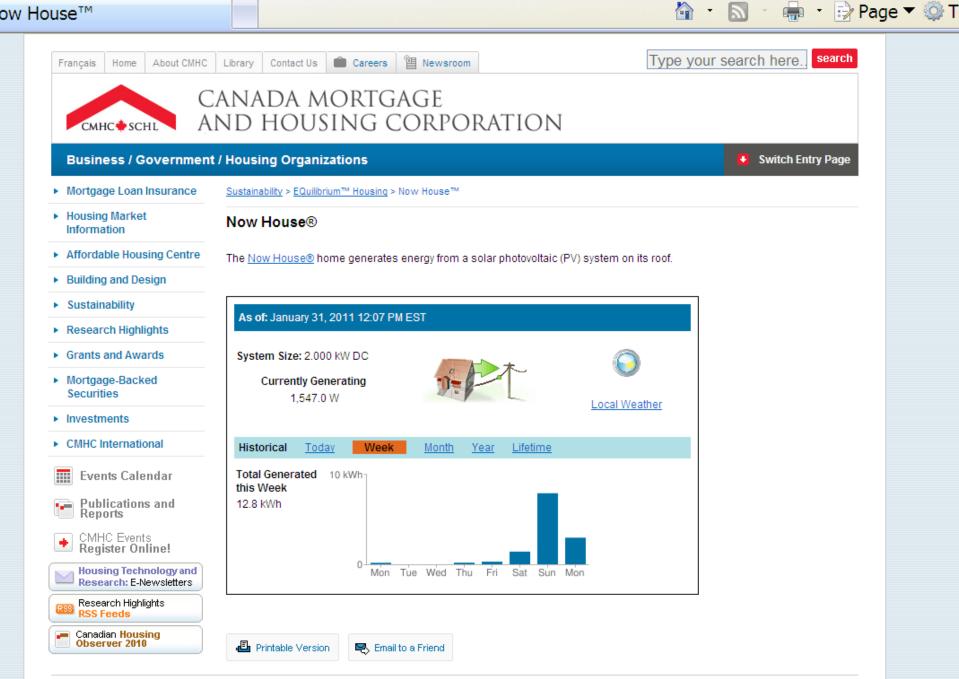






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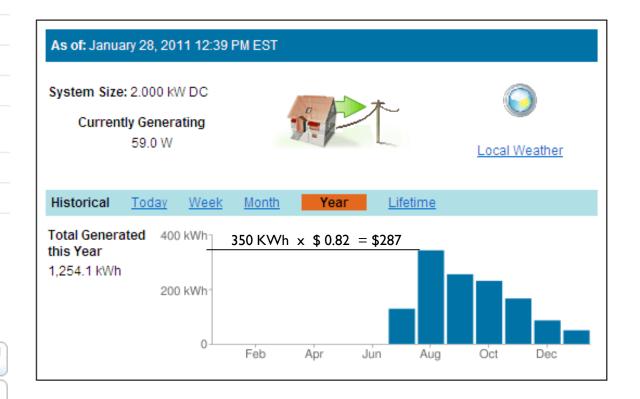
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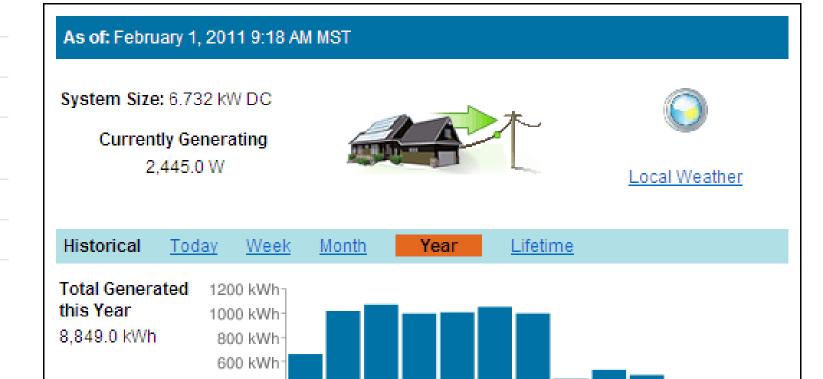
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May

Jul

Sep



Printable Version



Mar

400 kWh-

200 kWh



Nov

Jan

Compare PV output of Avalon and CHESS

Predicted outputs correlated with their installed capacity:

READon Drea ErRnegy Presidence 9 25-10,563 kWh (calculations by different contractors) Shan A2 kWs News 185 – 128 DWh/kW

 CHESS annual PV production predicted to be 8300 kWh for a 6.7 kW system or 4340 kWh/k/kW,





Avalon Discovery 3 — March 21st shadow patterns















PV output: Predicted vs measured (cont.)

- From January 2010 through mid-July:
 - Avalon with an 8.2 kW system produced about 5600 kWh
 - CHESS with a 6.7 kW system produced about 6000 kWh
- Predictive programs could not deal with the subtleties of shading



Actual electrical consumption larger than predicted

- Predictions were biased low to meet net zero targets and to avoid more expensive PV capacity
- Homeowners are not necessarily being as energy efficient as predicted
 - Monitoring equipment loads will also be a factor in some cases



Modelling Electrical Consumption

Internal use:

- Lighting: 3.0 kWh/day (1,095 kWh/year)
- Appliances: 9.0 kWh/day (3,285 kWh/year)
- Other: 8.0 kWh/day (2,920 kWh/year)

External use:

- All: 4.0 kWh/day (1,460 kWh/year)
 - Includes clothes dyer (140 litres)
 - External & garage lighting, openers, well pumps

Total: 24.0 kWh/day (8,760 kWh/year)



Modelling Appliances

- Refrigerator: 440 litres (15.5 ft3) 537 kWh/year
- Stove: 4 burners; 60 litres oven. 758 kWh/year
- Clothes washer: tub 60 litres. 802 kWh/year
- Freezer: 283 litres (10 ft3).
 573 kWh/year
- Dishwasher: 150 litres volume 615 kWh/year

Total: 3,285 kWh/year

EnerGuide Appliance Directory published by Natural Resources Canada



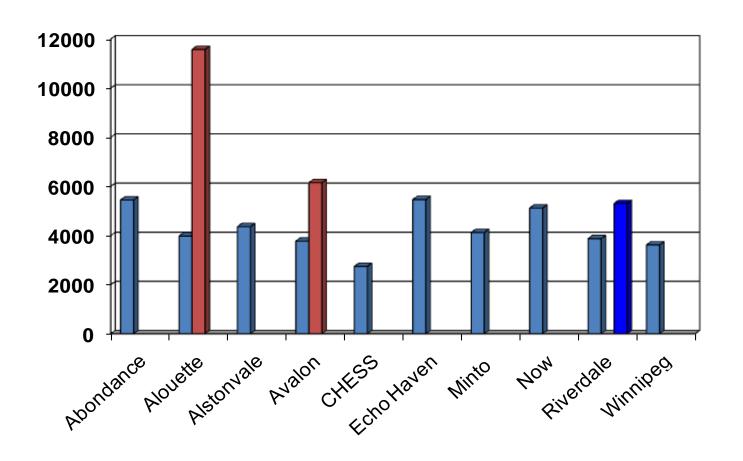
Base load reductions for Other uses

Electricity use for other uses includes microwave ovens, small appliances, TVs, stereos, computers, and all other plug loads. (8.0KWh/day)

The design team may reduce these to a minimum of 3.0 kWh/day, providing a technical justification for doing so.



Electrical consumption for lights and appliances





■ Predicted ■ Measured ■ Extrapolated from data

Complex systems can lead to errors or oversights

- If it isn't easy, errors are more common
 - Electrician shut down PV output in Now House while installing sensors and forgot to turn it back on. Several weeks of production were lost.
 - Solar thermal systems do not appear to be providing as much energy as predicted
 - Even solar DHW is often far below predicted production
 - Storage tank mix-ups have affected energy usage in at least two houses







Simple monitoring

- CMHC chose to do simple, monthly monitoring in the EQ houses
 - Lower cost to install and analyze
 - Lower burden on homeowner (less equipment in view)
 - Low to no energy usage by monitoring system to affect the energy balance
 - Fewer electronic glitches



Simple monitoring (cont.)

- This simplicity has its drawbacks
 - Consultant visiting the site may miss a month here or there
 - Harder to account for performance deviations in complicated equipment
 - Lacks instantaneity of electronicallydispatched data

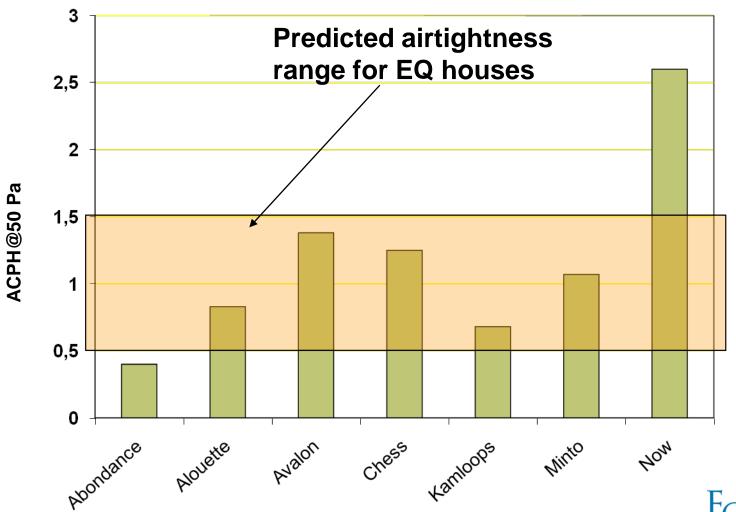


Airtightness targets

- All EQ houses were predicted to be very airtight
 - E.g. in a range that runs from Passivhaus (0.6 ACPH @50 Pa) to R-2000 (1.5 ACPH @50 Pa)
- Actual tests show that some have met targets and some houses have more air leakage than anticipated
- All those tested so far are quite airtight



Airtightness test data



What's Next

- Air quality testing results.
- More detailed energy monitoring results/conclusions
- EQuilibrium insights into specific aspects of the homes.
- EQuilibrium Communities

Thank You

