# 15<sup>th</sup> Annual First Nations **Housing Conference**

**Overview Ministerial Loan Guarantee Budget 2016 Housing** 

February 09, 2017



# Agenda – Ministerial Loan Guarantee (MLG)

- 1. What is a MLG and why it is required?
- 2. Who is involved?
- Projects covered by MLGs
- 4. Application requirements
- Eligibility criteria
- 6. Approval process
- 7. Reporting requirements
- What happens when the applicant goes into default?



### What is a Ministerial Loan Guarantee?

- A Ministerial Loan Guarantee (MLG) is a tool to assist First Nations in accessing loans for housing on reserve.
- A Ministerial Loan Guarantee acts as an equivalent to collateral for the purpose of securing a housing loan.



# Why is a Ministerial Guarantee Required?

- Reserve lands are held by the Crown for the benefit and use of First Nations, as set out in the *Indian Act*.
- Furthermore, the *Indian Act* (Section 89(1)) prevents the use of land on reserve as security and prevents seizure by a lender.
- These restrictions pose an impediment to Chief and Councils and individuals seeking loan financing such as mortgages for on-reserve housing projects.
- In most instances, financial institutions will not take the risk of providing a housing loan on reserve unless there is a guarantee of payment in the case of default.



### Who is involved?

- Processing a Ministerial Loan Guarantee
  Application involves the partnering of the following organizations:
  - First Nation
  - Financial institution (lender)
  - Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC)
  - Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC)



### **Projects Covered by MLG**

- Loan financing can be guaranteed by the Minister for the construction, acquisition or renovation of houses on reserve.
- CMHC NHA (National Housing Act Sec.95)
  Non-profit Social Housing Program
- NHA (Sec.10) loans for First Nation projects/individual home ownership



### **Application Requirements**

- Completed MLG application form;
- Band Council Resolution (BCR), signed, dated and with all clauses included;
- Project description for the purpose of an environmental assessment;
- Health Canada private sewage disposal system approved form;
- Site map of project;
- Loan agreement or commitment letter from the lender.

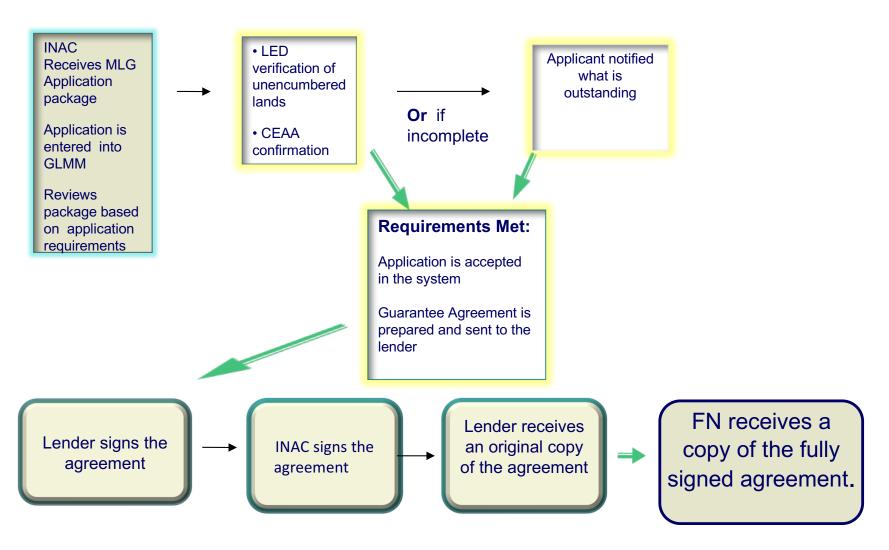


### **Eligibility Criteria**

- Land is eligible for MLG: site location is on unencumbered reserve land.
- The First Nation is well-managed and has a satisfactory record of meeting financial obligations as well as a satisfactory record of completing previous housing projects.
- All capital reporting requirements are up-to-date.
- The project meets the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act (CEAA) requirements.
- Financial reporting requirements are submitted and accepted by INAC at the initial review stage.



# **Approval Process**





### **Reporting Requirements**

- Guaranteed Loans and Terms and Conditions Report: required within 60 days of issuing a new guaranteed loan or within 60 days following the renewal, transfer or assignment of a loan.
- Notification of a loan default: required after loan has been in default for 90 days and every 30 days thereafter for 120 days if the loan remains in default.



## Reporting Requirements cont'd

- Claim for payment of on-reserve housing guarantee
  lender may submit the claim to INAC for the remaining balance of the loan after following the notification of default procedure above.
- Yearly status report of guaranteed loans required from the lender showing the outstanding balance, principal and interest at March 31 of any given year.



# What happens when the applicant goes into default?

- The lender notifies the borrower, First Nation and INAC of the default within 90 days of missing the mortgage installment and 30 days thereafter for 120 days
- If the loan remains in default for 120 days from the first notice, the lender shall submit a claim to INAC for payment.
- If INAC pays the lender, the loan becomes a First Nation debt owed to the Crown.
- INAC will start the process for recovering these funds from the First Nation in the order below:
  - 1) Recover acceptable security
  - 2) Establish a repayment agreement
  - 3) Withhold from "non-essential" payments made by Canada to the First Nation



# **Questions? Comments?**



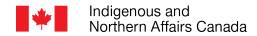


### **Budget 2016 Housing 2016-2017**

### **Agenda**

- 1. Background information
- 2. Immediate Needs Fund
- 3. Capacity Development Fund
- 4. Innovation Fund
- 5. Reporting and payments





### **Background Information**

- The Government of Canada is making historic investments of \$8.4 billion over five years to support Indigenous people and communities across the country.
- Of this total, \$554.3 million was committed for on-reserve housing over two years beginning in 2016-2017: \$416.6 million of this total was provided to INAC; \$137.7 was provided to CMHC.





### Immediate Needs Fund

- To date, INAC Ontario Region has approved funding for multi-unit housing construction and associated lot servicing to support the social housing needs of communities in the following amounts:
  - Approximately 298 new housing units at 55 First Nation communities for a budget of \$56,777,169
  - Approximately 257 unit-lot servicing at 37 First Nation communities for a budget of \$4,139,580

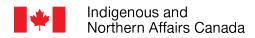


### Indigenous and

### Immediate Needs Fund cont'd

 Also in 2016-2017, Ontario Region has approved funding for renovations and additions of approximately 339 units to address overcrowding, improve energy efficiency and meet health and safety requirements in 33 First Nations for a total investment of \$10,841,324.

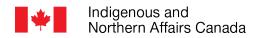




### **Capacity Development Fund**

- To support First Nations to increase their capacity to oversee and manage their on-reserve housing.
- Funding for Housing Governance Tools: 24 First Nations for a total investment of approximately \$1,849,111.
- Funding for Housing Management: 46 First Nations for a total budget of approximately \$3,123,527
- Funding for Housing Maintenance: 34 First Nations for a total investment of approximately \$859,540





### **Innovation Fund**

- To support First Nation communities to develop innovative approaches in housing management and governance models
- Funding for on-reserve Housing Governance Structure/models: 30 First Nations for a total investment of approximately \$1,703,036
- Funding for Alternative Financing Models: seven First Nations for a total budget of approximately \$682,250



# Reporting and payments

- Capital Facilities and Maintenance Program Special Initiatives Report
- Due Dates:

October 31, 2016	July 31, 2017
January 31, 2017	October 31, 2017
April 30, 2017	January 31, 2018

- Inspections
  - Foundation, framing, vapor barrier and installation, final completion
- Payments
  - 40% in advance payment
  - Reimbursement of actuals based on reports and invoices
  - 15% in holdback for final completion



### **Budget 2016 – 2017/2018**

### Phase 1

- New construction and associated lots
- Due: January 27, 2017

### Phase 2

- Renovations and Additions
- Due: April 07, 2017

### Phase

- Lot Servicing for future projects
- Capacity Development
- Innovations
- Due: May 05, 2017



# **Comments? Questions?**

